

Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union





# LEARNING APPROACH & METHODOLOGY

02





## **1. INTRODUCTION**









100 years ago

A classroom



Training/teaching continues to work within a very orthodox framework, with great resistance to change and increasingly moving away from the demands of today's society. It's urgent to bring training and teaching into the 21st century!

As long as we do not transform learning into a space of pleasure instead of an effort and a sacrifice, we are not providing an appropriate service to present society qualification in general.

This implies more modern instruments, tools and features, based on the current capabilities of the digital world and in a didactic based on full flexibility for learning that allows everyone to make their availability, both personally and professionally, compatible with investment in its own qualification pathway.

Flexibility, efficiency and a more attractive and productive (learning) environment are, after all, what industry 4.0 is based on, which is born within a new technological society, more digitalized, more demanding and more self-aware of its time management. Let's call it society 4.0 too.

And why not, in this proposal that contributes to this project, we can therefore call it: education 4.0. It's in this sense, not taking the easy path of simple digitization, but using its abilities to change the teaching paradigm, that these contents, included in the scope of the INDI 4.0 project, aim to contribute and inspire.







## 2. UNIT OF LEARNING OUTCOMES

Activity		K-S-A	
Id	Designation	No A	
A1	Plan the machining process (Set the operating sequences taking into account the production type, raw material, part shape and requirements)	Knowledge   K1 Drawing representation, technical terms, symbols and standards   K2 The fundamentals of the process planning   K3 The fundamental knowledge of machining operations and its features   K4 The fundamental knowledge of tool holding and work holding devices and theirs applications   K5 The fundamental knowledge of tool holding and work holding devices and theirs applications   K6 The raw materials and their machining properties   Skills • Create the sequence of operations, cross-sections, dimensions and their related tolerances and surface markings   52 • Create the sequence of operations   (no roter to gather and to cryaine the necessary data for programming, set-up and machining phases)	
A2	Execute the manufacturing programs (for workpieces to be obtained from a solid block, pre- machined part, casting or forgings with simple or complex geometry)	Knowledge     K1   Drawing representation, technical terms, symbols and standards     K2   The fundamentals of the process planning     K3   The fundamentals of the process planning operations and its features     K4   The fundamentals of cutting technology     K5   The fundamentals of a CNC machine mechanise system, cordinate s	

Attitudes	
	Proactivity/Initiative
	Responsability
	Healty & Safety
	Autonomous and self-orientated

Key Competencies	
	Critical thinking and problems solving
	Working with others and in teams
	Manage Information (Collecting, analysing and organising information)
	Planning & Organising activities

This training module is common to all CNC-related training units and is framed in the respective LO unit as shown on the left side (in this called "Elaborating manufacturing programs in CNC Milling Machines".

Throughout the module, trainees acquire part of the knowledge and skills mainly related to the fundamentals of process planning; machining features; cutting technology; workholding devices.

As represented, the Unit of Learning Outcomes lists the main activities that the trainee has to undertake as well as the knowledge, skills and attitudes needed to be acquired and demonstrated, all framed on three different criteria of assessment:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Satisfactory (initial)	Good (intermediate)	Excellent (advanced)
From level 1 to	o level 3, the depth of knowle	dge increases
From level 1 to level 3	, the number, the complexity between tasks increases	and the inter-relations
With supervision	With supervision in complex and unpredictable situations	Autonomy in problem- solving and in task resolution. With supervision in unpredictable situations







## **3. CASE STUDY BASED LEARNING APPROACH**

For success in the learning process, it is essential to apply approaches that are clear and effective for those who are learning. So, we should look at the training program from the point of view of the customer. The customer (trainee or company) wants to know what the learning activities mean in relation to a real working area. Is the trainee able to solve problems independently or does he need to follow someone's instructions to be able to lead with a specific technical issue?

In this sense, a project and/or case study-based learning approach becomes the key to a successful learning. This module has five case studies following, in general, the structure:

. **CASE STUDY** – FRAMEWORK Scenario description

#### . LEARNING CONTENTS & PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES

Getting the knowlegde and skills to solve the case study challenges

. CASE STUDY - VALIDATION



In this case study you will be asked to help a company select a new CNC equipment.

Through its development, you will acquire a set of fundamental knowledge about:

- The evolution and framing of CNC technology in the production system
- Constitution and functioning of a CNC machine
- Types of CNC machines and their application

### OASE STUDY #1 - Description



#### CASE STUDY - Validation

- Well done so far. You are now going to start the case study validation.
- If necessary, review the case framework document again and then answer the quizz below

Case Study #1 - Validation







## 4. METHODOLOGY & LEARNING RESOURCES

The module was developed in a way that can be applied in different scenarios and training approaches such as online training, class face-to-face training and individualized face-to-face training.

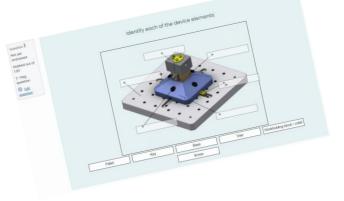
To make this possible, is it quite important to develop the learning resources and activities in a way that allows the maximization of student learning, knowing that each individual has a different learning pace and different learning style.

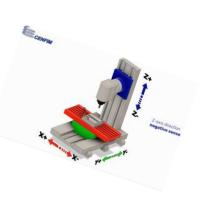
In this sense, different types of learning resources and formative assessment instruments were developed to keep the student motivated and involved in the learning activities.

Since it is a very autonomous learning process, activities with direct feedback play a crucial role to regulate and consolidate learning. The student must feel comfortable with the way of learning and support provided by the trainer/facilitator, thus the learning activities must be diversified and dynamic.

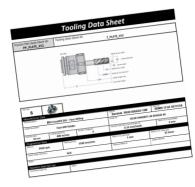
Different didactic materials are applied such as:

- . Dynamic learning contents
- . Quizzes
- . Practical cases
- . Practical videos (Youtube channel)
- . Work Plan data Sheet
- . Tool Data Sheet
- . etc





CNC TECHNOLOGY









## **5. THE CASE STUDIES**

The module has 5 case studies to be performed in sequence. Each means a practical scenario (challenge) through which the trainee acquires a specific set of knowledge and skills about:







In this case study, the trainee will be asked to help a company select a new CNC equipment. Through its development the trainee will acquire a set of fundamental knowledge about:

- . The evolution and framing of CNC technology in the production system
- . Constitution and functioning of a CNC machine
- . Types of CNC machines and their application



#### TOOLS & CUTTING DATA



In this case study, the trainee will be asked to help the machine operator to consult the catalogs to determine the cutting parameters for three tools that he intends to test before making deciding to purchase or not. Through its development, the trainee will acquire a set of fundamental knowledge and skills related to:

- . Fundamentals of cutting tools and their application
- . Fundamentals of Cutting technology
- . Read and Interpret the Tool Data Sheet
- . Read and interpret tool catalog in paper or digital format
- . Calculate cutting parameters

## 5



In this case study, the trainee will be asked to assist the programmer that is facing some challenges in the elaboration of the CNC programme . Through its development, the trainee will acquire a set of fundamental knowledge and skills related to:

- . Fundamentals on axes system applied to a CNC machine
- . Fundamentals of machine and part reference points
- . Calculate coordinates in cartesian space
- . Determine part reference points based on the engineering drawing and part geometry





In this case study, the trainee will be asked to help a company find the reason for a premature wear of the roughing tool. It is suspected that one or more operations are not in the proper sequence. Through its development, the trainee will acquire a set of fundamental knowledge and skills related to:

- . Fundamentals of manufacturing processes
- . Fundamentals of milling machining operations
- . Fundamentals of process planning applied to CNC

**WORKHOLDING DEVICES** 

. Sequencing machining operations on simple 2 1/2D geometry parts





In this case study, the trainee will be asked to help the company validate the project of a new workholding device that was subcontracted to GABY20, a company specialized in the development of workholding devices for the metalworking industry. Through its development, the trainee will acquire a set of fundamental knowledge related to:

- . Functions of a clamping device
- . Typologies: standard, modular, dedicated
- . Support, positioning and clamping elements

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